

# Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean













Challenges and priorities for the full implementation of the Escazú Agreement

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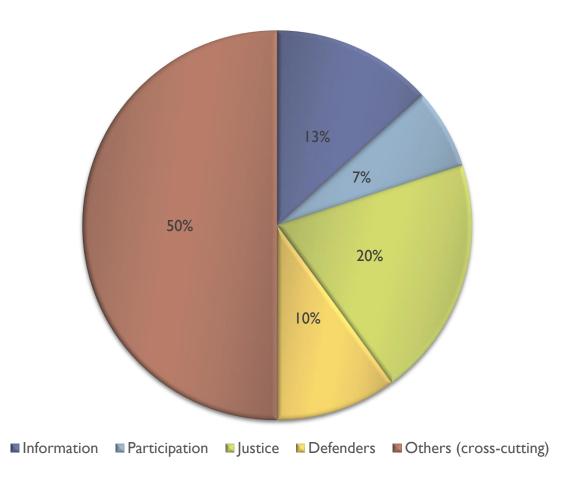


## Survey (April 2019)

- I. Main challenges and priorities for the full implementation of the provisions on:
  - access to environmental information
  - 2. public participation in environmental matters
  - 3. access to justice in environmental matters
  - 4. human rights defenders in environmental matters
- 2. Other challenges and priorities
- 3. Main opportunities for cooperation



## Summary









- Need of greater coordination within government and change of management culture
- Respond adequately to environmental information requests
- Generate environmental information and registers
- Environmental information systems
- Dissemination of and awareness-raising on rights

## Public participation



- Respond to the needs of territories and communities in public hearings and consultations
- Allocate resources to enable participation



#### Access to justice



- Strengthen capacities of judicial officials
- Training and access to experts/specialization of judges
- Management of environmental complaints
- Strengthen environmental public prosecutors
- Establish financial instruments for restoration and compensation for environmental harm

#### Human rights defenders



- Access to information and knowledge
- Cooperation with civil society and other stakeholders
- Effective protection mechanisms and legal aid



### Other: cross-cutting



- Environmental education
- Make progress on signature and ratification
- Reflect the standards and practices of the agreement in the national legislative frameworks
- Design national work plans for the implementation of the agreement
- Financial resources
- Partnerships
- Dissemination in media
- Strengthening of institutions
- Transfer of technology (data and information systems and registers)
- Support groups and persons in vulnerable situations



## Opportunities for cooperation



- South-South, bilateral, triangular cooperation
- Exchange of experiences and technical assistance
- Cooperation with other agreements, mechanisms and organizations
- Importance of subregional organizations (CARICOM, OECS)
- Need to support from UN Agencies, development banks and donors